## Congress of the United States Mashington, DC 20510

easyington, De 20510

March 12, 2025

The Honorable Susan Monarez Acting Director Centers for Disease Control and Prevention 1600 Clifton Road Atlanta, Georgia 30329

Dear Acting Director Monarez,

We are reaching out to inquire about the current status of the Pregnancy Risk Assessment Monitoring System (PRAMS). As a vital initiative jointly operated by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), and several state, territorial, and local health departments, PRAMS plays a crucial role in collecting data to improve maternal and infant health outcomes, representing over 80 percent of all U.S. live births.<sup>1</sup> This information is of increasing importance as the U.S. is experiencing a maternal health crisis: it has one of the highest maternal mortality rates among high-income nations, increasing rates of complications from pregnancy or childbirth, and persistent disparities in such outcomes.<sup>2</sup>

PRAMS, which was developed in 1987, was designed to identify groups of women and infants at high risk for health problems, to monitor changes in health status, and to measure progress towards goals in improving the health of mothers and infants. Over the last 38 years, the program has collected essential data on maternal behaviors and experiences before, during, and shortly after pregnancy through a site-specific and population-based surveillance system. Additionally, a new phase of the PRAMS questionnaire was launched in 2023 with questions that are critical for informing program and policy to improve maternal health. The program helps monitor maternal and child health trends, allowing state, territorial, or local public health officials to implement focused interventions. Maternal care providers rely on the data collected by PRAMS, the sole source of this type of information, to enhance prenatal and postnatal care. PRAMS allows comparisons among participating sites because the same data collection methods are used in all sites. Further, PRAMS promotes interagency collaboration by providing unique

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> <u>https://www.cdc.gov/prams/about/index.html</u>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> https://www.commonwealthfund.org/publications/issue-briefs/2024/jun/insights-us-maternal-mortality-crisis-international-comparison

data and is used to measure progress towards goals in improving the health of mothers and infants.<sup>3</sup>

We are deeply concerned about recent reports stating that PRAMS has stopped its operations.<sup>4</sup> With this in mind, we ask that you answer the following questions:

- 1. Have PRAMS data collection and reporting operations stopped? If so, when were the operations stopped?
- 2. Why is PRAMS, this critical maternal and infant health data program, no longer collecting and reporting data?
- 3. Was there any communication to states and institutions prior to PRAMS shutting down? If so, what was communicated and when?
- 4. If PRAMS will be operational again, will any changes be made to the questionnaires? If so, what changes will be made and how will that be communicated to grantees?
- 5. Have any CDC personnel working on PRAMS been laid off?

PRAMS plays a crucial role in reducing maternal and infant morbidity and mortality. Preserving this program will strengthen public health efforts, reduce inequities in care, and ultimately save lives. Thank you for your attention to this important matter.

S	incerely,
[[SIGNATURES]]	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> <u>Budget Estimates for Appropriations Committees, Fiscal Year 2025 | Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality</u>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> <u>https://www.statnews.com/2025/03/03/cdc-pauses-prams-database-which-tracks-racial-disparities-maternal-health/</u>