			(Original Signature of Member)
17TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION	H.	RES.	
	H.	RES.	

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Ms. Degette submitted the	following	resolution;	which	was	referred	to	the
Committee on							

RESOLUTION

Supporting the goals and ideals of American Diabetes Month.

- Whereas according to the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (referred to in this preamble as the "CDC")—
 - (1) 34,200,000 individuals in the United States have diabetes; and
 - (2) an estimated 88,000,000 individuals in the United States who are 18 years of age or older have prediabetes;
- Whereas diabetes is a serious chronic condition that affects individuals of every age, race, ethnicity, and income level;

Whereas the CDC reports that—

- (1) Hispanic Americans, African Americans, Asian Americans, and Native Americans are disproportionately affected by diabetes and develop the disease at much higher rates than the general population of the United States; and
- (2) an estimated 21.4 percent of individuals with diabetes in the United States have not yet been diagnosed with the disease;
- Whereas in the United States, more than 10.5 percent of the population, including 26.8 percent of individuals who are 65 years of age or older, have diabetes;
- Whereas of the 17,400,000 veterans in the United States, 1 in 4 are receiving care for diabetes from the Department of Veterans Affairs;
- Whereas the risk of developing diabetes at some point in life is 40 percent for adults in the United States;
- Whereas according to the American Diabetes Association, the United States spent an estimated \$237,000,000,000 on direct medical costs for cases of diagnosed diabetes in 2017, and out-of-pocket costs for insulin have grown significantly in recent years for many patients;
- Whereas the American Diabetes Association reports that care for people with diagnosed diabetes accounts for 1 in 4 health care dollars spent in the United States;
- Whereas the cost of health care is estimated to be 2.3 times higher for individuals in the United States with diabetes than those without diabetes;
- Whereas as of November 2021, a cure for diabetes does not exist;
- Whereas there are successful means to reduce the incidence, and delay the onset, of type 2 diabetes;

Whereas with proper management and treatment, individuals with diabetes live healthy and productive lives; and
Whereas individuals in the United States celebrate American Diabetes Month in November: Now, therefore, be it
1 Resolved, That the House of Representatives—
2 (1) supports the goals and ideals of American
3 Diabetes Month, including—
4 (A) encouraging individuals in the United
5 States to fight diabetes through public aware-
6 ness of prevention and treatment options; and
7 (B) enhancing diabetes education;
8 (2) recognizes the importance of awareness and
9 early detection, including awareness of symptoms
and risk factors such as—
11 (A) being—
12 (i) older than 45 years of age; or
13 (ii) overweight; and
14 (B) having—
(i) a particular racial and ethnic back-
16 ground;
17 (ii) a low level of physical activity;
18 (iii) high blood pressure;
19 (iv) a family history of diabetes; or
20 (v) a history of diabetes during preg-
21 nancy;

1	(3) supports decreasing the prevalence of type
2	1, type 2, and gestational diabetes in the United
3	States through research, treatment, and prevention;
4	and
5	(4) recognizes the importance of addressing sys-
6	temic barriers to health care that—
7	(A) leave many vulnerable communities at
8	a heightened risk for diabetes; and
9	(B) limit access to health care resources
10	that are needed to effectively prevent the onset,
11	and to manage the condition, of diabetes.